



**AN BORD ATHBHREITHNITHE MEABHAIR-SHLÁINTE  
(AN DLÍ COIRIÚIL)**

**MENTAL HEALTH (CRIMINAL LAW) REVIEW BOARD**

**Annual Report 2025**

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## **1. CHAIRPERSON'S FOREWORD**

I am pleased as Chairperson of the Mental Health (Criminal Law) Review Board to present the Review Board's 2025 Annual Report, which provides an overview of the Board's activities during 2025. This is the 19<sup>th</sup> Annual Report of the Review Board.

In 2025, there was an increase in the number of review hearings held, by comparison with the previous year. The Board held 215 reviews compared with 208 in 2024, reviewing the detention of 99 patients. Of the 99 patients whose detention was reviewed, four were granted a conditional discharge. Six patients were granted a conditional discharge in 2024, out of a total of 101, who had their detention reviewed that year.

There was one application for an amendment to a conditional discharge, and this was granted by the Board.

Also in 2025, the Board progressed to holding 46<sup>th</sup> and 47<sup>th</sup> reviews into the detention of some patients.

In total, seven applications for an unconditional discharge were received by the Board in 2025, of which four were granted, two refused, and one awaiting a decision. Additionally, an application for an unconditional discharge was received by the Board in 2024, and subsequently granted in 2025.

On behalf of my colleagues, I thank the current interim Executive Clinical Director of the Central Mental Hospital, Dr Brenda Wright, for her assistance during the year. I also thank the multidisciplinary teams in the hospital for their work in the preparation of the psychiatric reports

for patients prior to their review hearings. The Board is mindful that this work can be time consuming for all involved.

The Board is appreciative of the assistance and co-operation of the consultant psychiatrists, nursing, therapists, social services and administrative staff of the hospital.

I would like to compliment the work of members of the Board's Legal Representatives Panel who continue to ably and conscientiously represent patients coming before the Board for review of their detention.

Finally, I would also like to extend gratitude to the CEO of the Board Ms. Aisling Brennan, the former Secretary to the Board, Ms. Rita Rice, the current Secretary of the Board, Mr. Anthony Belton, and Ms. Ann Casey for their excellent and efficient service to the Board during the year.



**Mr Justice Seamus Noonan**  
**Chairperson**

**Date:** 30<sup>th</sup> March 2026

## **2. FUNCTION OF MENTAL HEALTH (CRIMINAL LAW) REVIEW BOARD**

The Mental Health (Criminal Law) Review Board (An Bord Athbhreithnithe Meabhair-Shláinte (An Dlí Coiriúil) was established on 27 September 2006 under Section 11 of the Criminal Law (Insanity) Act 2006. The Board is statutorily independent in the exercise of its functions.

The Board is responsible for reviewing the detention of patients who have been referred to a designated centre arising from a decision by the courts that they are unfit to stand trial or having been found not guilty of an offence by reason of insanity. Currently, the sole designated centre in the State is the Central Mental Hospital.

Under the 2006 Act, as amended by the Criminal Law (Insanity) Act 2010, the Board has the power to order the continued detention of patients or to order either their conditional, or unconditional discharge. When coming to its decision, the Board must have regard to the welfare and safety of the patient and to the public interest.

The Board also reviews the detention of prisoners, including military prisoners, who have been transferred to a designated centre suffering from a mental disorder. The Board can order their continued detention in a designated centre or their return to prison.

## **3. REVIEWS BY THE BOARD**

As provided by the 2006 Act, the Board must review the detention of each patient at intervals of not greater than six months. Long-term patients usually have two review hearings per year, but some may have more because, outside of the regularly scheduled

hearings, a review can be held on the initiative of the Board or at the request of a patient or the Clinical Director of the Central Mental Hospital. The Minister for Justice, Home Affairs and Migration can direct the Board to hold a review into the detention of a prisoner who is involuntarily admitted to the hospital.

At any one time, there are on average 100 patients detained in the Central Mental Hospital under the 2006 Act. This number fluctuates because, apart from the longer-detained patients, patients are transferred from prison, either by consent or involuntarily, for care or treatment which is not available to them in prison. However, some of these patients may not come before the Board for review of their detention in the hospital as the Clinical Director, having consulted with the Minister for Justice, Home Affairs and Migration may transfer prisoners back to prison at any time.

The detention of 99 patients was reviewed by the Board in 2025, representing a decrease in the number of patients whose detention was reviewed compared with 2024, when the detention of 101 patients was reviewed.

Of the 99 patients reviewed in 2025, 14 were female and 85 were male. The Board held a total of 215 review hearings compared with 208 the previous year, representing an increase of 3.4% in the number of review hearings. Of the 99 patients, 63% had been diagnosed as suffering from schizophrenia, 20% were suffering from schizoaffective disorder and 17% were diagnosed with other disorders. This compares with 2024 when 60% of patients were diagnosed as suffering from schizophrenia, 21% were suffering from schizoaffective disorder and 19% from other disorders. It should be noted that it is

primarily the same core group of patients reviewed by the Board each year. (Appendix A and Appendix B refer).

The Board, for the first time in 2025 conducted 46<sup>th</sup> and 47<sup>th</sup> reviews into the detention of some patients. Of the 215 review hearings, five were between a 46<sup>th</sup> and 47<sup>th</sup> review, a total of 2%. 31% of hearings were at 1<sup>st</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup> review stage, compared with 29% in 2024. Of these, 14 reviews or 7% were a 1<sup>st</sup> review, compared to 2024 when there were 22 such reviews, which is 11% of the total that year. (Appendix C refers).

As in previous years, the majority of review hearings were of patients who had been committed to the Central Mental Hospital under Section 5(2) of the 2006 Act, having been found not guilty of an offence by reason of insanity. In 2025, 138 hearings, which is 64% of the total, were into the detention of patients committed under Section 5(2). The number in this category in 2024 was 137, which was 66% of the total number of hearings that year. Again in 2025, the second largest number of review hearings was of patients detained under Section 15(2) of the Act, being prisoners transferred involuntarily to the Central Mental Hospital for care or treatment which could not be provided in prison. This group accounted for 17% of review hearings in 2025 compared with 19% in 2024. Patients detained under Section 4(5) accounted for 13% of review hearings in 2025, which is an increase on the 10% figure for 2024. (Appendix D refers).

#### **4. MENTAL HEALTH (CRIMINAL LAW) LEGAL AID SCHEME**

The Review Board is required by Section 12(1) (c) of the 2006 Act to assign a legal representative to each patient whose detention is the subject of review, unless the patient

proposes to engage legal representation at their own expense. Having regard to this, the Board put in place the Mental Health (Criminal Law) Legal Aid Scheme 2006, under which a panel of legal representatives was established and the legal fees for representation before the Review Board is provided for. Patients may if they wish, decline the services of an assigned panel solicitor and request another solicitor from the panel or they can engage a non-panel solicitor at their own expense. The Board endeavours, for continuity for patients, having regard to the fact that they are suffering from a mental disorder, to assign the same solicitor to represent a patient at subsequent review hearings.

At the end of 2025, there were 21 legal panel members. During the year two members resigned from the panel.

The average number of cases assigned to solicitors on the Panel in 2025 was 10. (Appendix E refers).

## **5. ORDERS FOR DISCHARGE**

The Board approved the conditional discharge of four patients from the Central Mental Hospital in 2025. The average duration of detention in the hospital for the conditionally discharged patients was 9 years. The two shortest durations averaged 6.96 years and the two longest averaged 11.84 years. It should be noted that the length of time a patient is detained in the hospital is neither a necessary nor a sufficient ground, in itself, for granting a conditional discharge. (Appendix F refers).

The Board received seven applications for unconditional discharge in 2025 from patients who had been conditionally discharged for 12 months or more. Five unconditional discharges were granted by the Board in 2025.

One application was received for an amendment to a conditional discharge order in 2025, which was granted by the Board.

**6. OFFENCES OR ALLEGED OFFENCES**

The type of offences, or alleged offences, which patients detained in the Central Mental Hospital in 2025 were charged with, or convicted of, included murder, attempted murder, manslaughter, assault, and assault causing serious bodily harm. Of the 99 patients whose detention was reviewed by the Board, 41 had been charged with, or convicted of murder.

The majority of the victims of this offence, or alleged offence, were a family member of the patient. A total of 8 patients were charged with, or convicted of, attempted murder/manslaughter/death by dangerous driving. 32 patients were charged with, or convicted of assault, assault causing harm/serious bodily harm and 5 were charged or convicted of arson. Other offences include sexual assault, threat to kill, harassment, aggravated burglary armed with a knife, possession of a knife with intent to cause harm, possession of knives and intimidation, possession of a firearm with intent to endanger life/cause injury, attempted abduction of a minor; and resisting gardaí, breach of the peace and criminal damage. (Appendix G refers).

## **7. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The Review Board is funded from Subhead A.13 of the Vote of the Office of the Minister for Justice, Home Affairs and Migration. The Review Board adheres to the Public Spending Code. In 2025, the Review Board received a budget allocation of €439,000. The Central Mental Hospital's move took place in November 2022. The Board's expenditure did not increase, as anticipated. Total expenditure from Subhead A.13 in 2025 was €354,414.18.

The main expenditure items are set out beneath:

Free Legal Aid	€119,534.22
Board members' fees	*€117,500
Chairperson's fee	€35,437.50
Legal advice and Representation	€65,616.12

\*Figures include fees for December 2024. Fees for December 2025 are not included as these are paid in January 2026.

## **8. PROTECTED DISCLOSURE**

The Review Board has adopted the Protected Disclosure Policy of the Department of Justice, Home Affairs and Migration as its policy on protected disclosures in the workplace. In line with reporting requirements, it is confirmed that there were no protected disclosure reports received in 2025.

## **9. DATA PROTECTION**

The Review Board has adopted the Data Protection Policy of the Department of Justice, Home Affairs and Migration. Because of its size it is not deemed feasible for the Board to appoint its own Data Protection Officer (DPO). The Department's DPO has been appointed as DPO for the Board.

**10. PUBLIC SECTOR EQUALITY AND HUMAN RIGHTS DUTY**

The Review Board is committed to ensuring it fulfils its responsibilities under Section 42 of the Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission Act 2014 which places a positive obligation on public bodies to have regard, in the performance of their functions, to the need to eliminate discrimination, promote equality of opportunity and protect the human rights of staff and persons to whom services are provided. The Review Board was mindful of this duty in the performance of its functions in 2025.

**11. GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS**

**Structure and Membership of the Review Board**

The Mental Health (Criminal Law) Review Board is a quasi-judicial body, rather than a governance board, which reviews the detention of patients detained in designated centres under the Criminal Law (Insanity) Act 2006. The Board consists of a Chairperson and any number of ordinary members as the Minister for Justice, Home Affairs and Migration having consulted with the Minister for Health, may require. The current Chairperson is a former Judge from the Court of Appeal and there are three ordinary members, two of whom are consultant psychiatrists, and one is a counsellor psychotherapist. All Board members are appointed by the Minister for a period of five years, as provided by the 2006 Act. Membership of the Board in 2025 and the date of appointment of members is set out beneath:

<b>Member</b>	<b>Appointed</b>
Mr Justice Seamus Noonan	October 2024
Dr. Katherine Brown Consultant Psychiatrist	May 2017 Re-appointed May 2022
Ms. Nora McGarry Counsellor Psychotherapist	September 2011 Re-appointed September 2016 Re-appointed September 2021
Dr. Elizabeth Walsh Consultant Psychiatrist	January 2013 Re-appointed January 2018 Re-appointed January 2023

### **Gender Balance**

The appointment of members of the Review Board is a matter for the Minister of Justice, Home Affairs and Migration and the Board has no input into appointments. As of 31 December 2025, the Review Board had one male (25%) and three (75%) female members.

### **Attendance at Hearings and Fees**

The Review Board rarely convene, other than for hearings in the Central Mental Hospital, Portrane. When reviewing the detention of patients, the Board sits in a panel of three, with the Chairperson and at least one consultant psychiatrist always on the panel.

Ordinary members are paid a fee of €250 per review hearing attended. The same fee is paid for attendance at hearings in connection with applications for unconditional discharge and applications to amend or vary conditions of discharge. In 2025, Dr Brown attended 132 hearings, Ms. McGarry attended 223 hearings, and Dr Walsh attended 112 hearings.

The Chairperson chairs all review hearings and hearings to consider applications for unconditional discharge and applications to amend conditions. The Chairperson also advises and guides the CEO in the management of the business of the Board and in managing any legal cases to which the Board is a party. The Chairperson is paid an annual fee of €70,875.

### **Employees**

The Chief Executive Officer of the Review Board, Ms. Aisling Brennan, is an Assistant Principal Officer in the Department of Justice, Home Affairs and Migration who devotes a portion of her time to the duties of CEO of the Board. The CEO is responsible for the day-to-day management and administration of the business and resources of the Board. The CEO is not paid a separate salary for her work with the Review Board.

The Review Board is supported by a Higher Executive Officer and an Executive Officer, seconded from the Department of Justice. The staff of the Review Board are civil servants and are paid the appropriate civil service pay rates for their grade.

The processing of the payment of Board members' fees is provided by the Payroll Shared Services Centre of the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform. The processing of other payments is provided by the Financial Shared Services Centre of the Department of Justice, Home Affairs and Migration.

## **Oversight and Internal Controls**

An Oversight Agreement for 2023-2025 was reached with the Department of Justice, Home Affairs and Migration and signed on behalf of the Review Board by the CEO. The Agreement remained in place until the end of 2025 with a provision for a review approximately every 12 months and update, if necessary. In the Oversight Agreement it was agreed that, because of the narrow legislative functions of the Chairperson, the statutory independence of the Board and its very small size, the CEO, rather than the Chairperson, will furnish the required Comprehensive Report to the Minister in accordance with the *2016 Code of Practice for the Governance of State Bodies*. Regarding compliance with the *Code of Practice*, the 'Comply or Explain' provision of the *Code* has been applied by the Department to the Review Board.

In regard to internal controls and risk management, because of the Review Board's size, it is not deemed feasible for the Board to establish its own Audit Unit or Audit and Risk Committee. Instead, alternative arrangements are in place to allow the Board have access to the Department's Internal Audit Unit and Audit and Risk Committee in relation to financial governance. An assessment of the principal risks of the Review Board is carried out by the CEO and risks identified are notified and incorporated into the risk register maintained by the Department. The principal risk identified is that review hearings are not completed within the statutory time. Mitigating measures taken are ensuring that reviews are completed in accordance with the law.

The Review Board's founding legislation does not require the production of Financial Statements. The Board, through the CEO, liaises with the Financial Shared Services Centre

of the Department of Justice, Home Affairs and Migration which reports on the Board's income and expenditure in the Department's monthly management reports. The monthly reports are kept under review by the CEO and procedures are in place to ensure that expenditure is authorised in accordance with the Department's guidelines.

Having regard to the size of the Review Board and the statutory basis for its remit which does not change unless legislation is amended, it is not deemed necessary for the Board to prepare a strategic plan. However, the Review Board publishes relevant statistics with regard to its output in its Annual Report which is submitted to the Department and is published on the Board's website.

The Review Board adheres to public service procurement policies and guidelines. Where necessary, any procurement competition conducted by the Review Board is done in consultation with the Procurement Unit of the Department of Justice, Home Affairs and Migration and the Office of Government Procurement.

#### **Environmental and Energy Conservation**

Given the Board's small size, the Board's energy consumption is incorporated within the overall consumption figures that the Department reports annually to the Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland.

**Note:**

The following are available on the Board's website [www.mhclrb.ie](http://www.mhclrb.ie)

An administrative consolidation of the Criminal Law (Insanity) Act 2006, prepared by the Law Reform Commission;

([revisedacts.lawreform.ie/eli/2006/act/11/revised/en/pdf?annotations=false](http://revisedacts.lawreform.ie/eli/2006/act/11/revised/en/pdf?annotations=false))

Procedures of the Mental Health (Criminal Law) Review Board

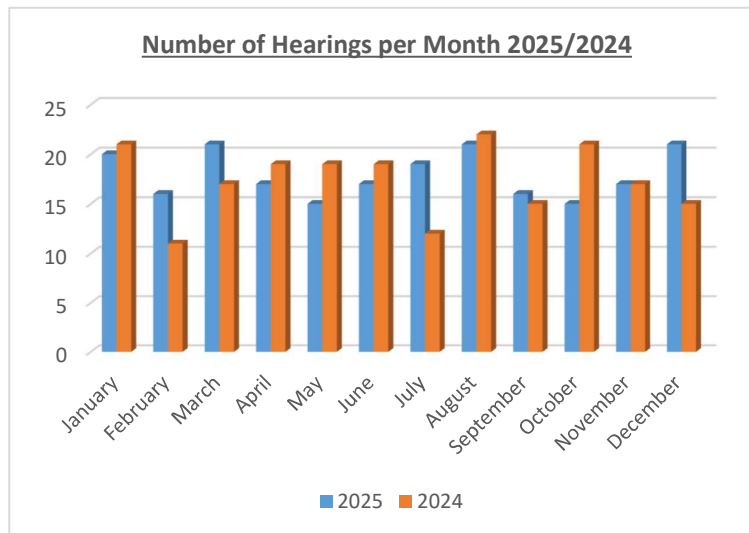
[www.mhclrb.ie/wp-content/uploads/2026/01/Procedures-Mental-Health-Criminal-Law-Review-Board.pdf](http://www.mhclrb.ie/wp-content/uploads/2026/01/Procedures-Mental-Health-Criminal-Law-Review-Board.pdf)

Terms and Conditions of the Mental Health (Criminal Law) Legal Aid Scheme 2006

[www.mhclrb.ie/wp-content/uploads/2024/04/Terms-and-Conditionsrevised-April-2024.pdf](http://www.mhclrb.ie/wp-content/uploads/2024/04/Terms-and-Conditionsrevised-April-2024.pdf)

**Number of Hearings per Month 2025/2024**

Month	No. of Hearings 2025	% of 2025 Total	No. of Hearings 2024	% of 2024 Total
January	20	9%	21	10%
February	16	7%	11	5%
March	21	10%	17	8%
April	17	8%	19	9%
May	15	7%	19	9%
June	17	8%	19	9%
July	19	9%	12	6%
August	21	10%	22	11%
September	16	7%	15	7%
October	15	7%	21	10%
November	17	8%	17	8%
December	21	10%	15	7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>215</b>		<b>208</b>	

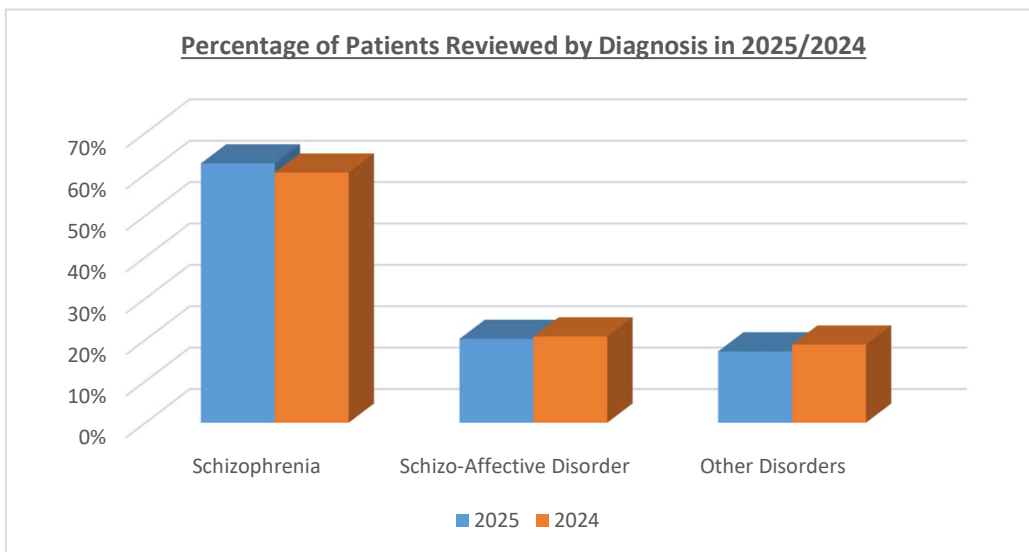


**Number of Patients Reviewed per Diagnosis in 2025/2024**

Diagnosis	No. of patients reviewed 2025	% of 2025 Total	No. of patients reviewed 2024	% of 2024 Total
<b>Schizophrenia</b>	62	63%	61	60%
<b>Schizo-Affective Disorder</b>	20	20%	21	21%
<b>Other Disorders</b>	17	17%	19	19%
<b>Total</b>	<b>99</b>		<b>101</b>	

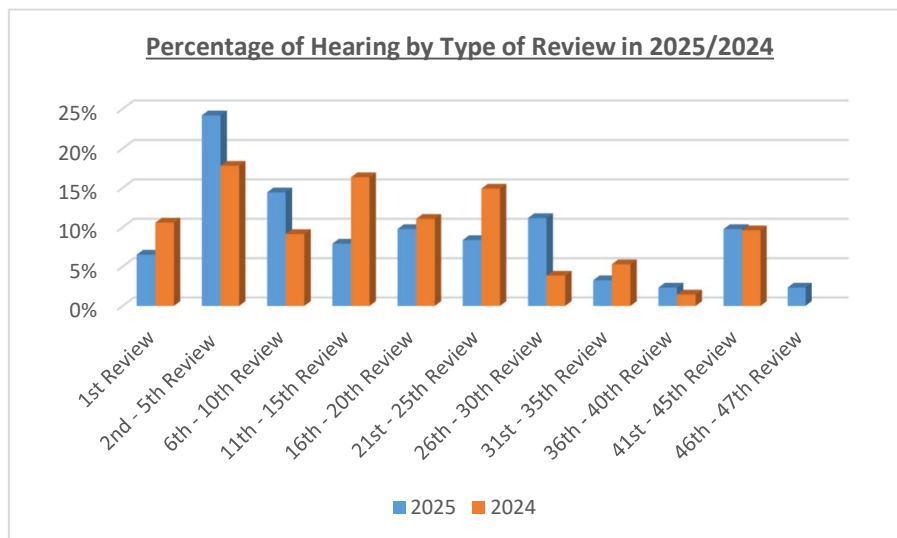
**Other Disorders include:**

- Bi-Polar Affective Disorder
- Autistic Spectrum Disorder
- Asperger's Syndrome
- Delusional Disorder
- Manic Episode with Psychosis
- Organic Psychosis
- Neurodevelopment Disorder
- Post Traumatic Stress Disorder
- Psychotic Disorder



**Number of Hearings by Type of Review in 2025/2024**

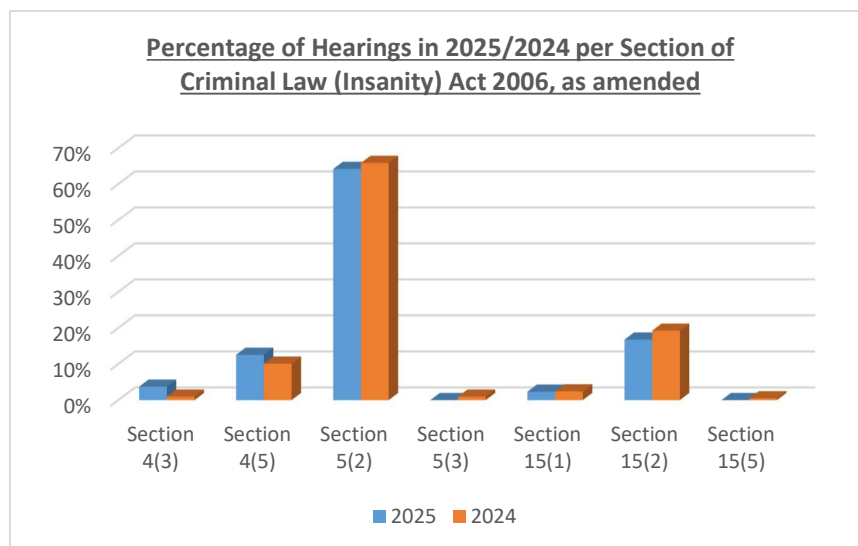
Type of Review	No. of Reviews 2025	% of 2025 Total	No. of Reviews 2024	% of 2024 Total
<b>1st Review</b>	14	7%	22	11%
<b>2nd - 5th Review</b>	52	24%	37	18%
<b>6th - 10th Review</b>	31	14%	19	9%
<b>11th - 15th Review</b>	17	8%	34	16%
<b>16th - 20th Review</b>	21	10%	23	11%
<b>21st - 25th Review</b>	18	8%	31	15%
<b>26th - 30th Review</b>	24	11%	8	4%
<b>31st - 35th Review</b>	7	3%	11	5%
<b>36th - 40th Review</b>	5	2%	3	1%
<b>41st - 45th Review</b>	21	10%	20	10%
<b>46th - 47th Review</b>	5	2%		
<b>Total</b>	<b>215</b>		<b>208</b>	



**Number of Hearings in 2025/2024 per Section of the Criminal Law (Insanity) Act 2006, as amended**

<b>Section of 2006 Act</b>	<b>No. of Hearings 2025</b>	<b>% of 2025 Total</b>	<b>No. of Hearings 2024</b>	<b>% of 2024 Total</b>
<b>Section 4(3)</b>	8	4%	2	1%
<b>Section 4(5)</b>	27	13%	21	10%
<b>Section 5(2)</b>	138	64%	137	66%
<b>Section 5(3)</b>	0	0%	2	1%
<b>Section 15(1)</b>	5	2%	5	2%
<b>Section 15(2)</b>	36	17%	40	19%
<b>Section 15(5)</b>	1	<1%	1	<1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>215</b>		<b>208</b>	

- Section 4(3)** Unfit to Plead, District Court
- Section 4(5)** Unfit to Plead, Other Court
- Section 5(2)** Not guilty by reason of insanity
- Section 5(3)** Examination and report in relation to not guilty by reason of insanity
- Section 15(1)** Voluntary transfer from Prison
- Section 15(2)** Involuntary transfer from Prison
- Section 15(5)** Continuation of voluntary transfer from Prison (after refusal of care or treatment)



**Average Number of Cases Assigned to Legal  
Representatives on Legal Aid Panel in 2025/2024**

<b>Year</b>	<b>No. of Legal Representatives on Panel</b>	<b>Average no. of cases assigned</b>
<b>2025</b>	21*	10
<b>2024</b>	23**	10

\* At the end of 2025 there were 21 Panel members. During the year two resigned.

\*\* At the end of 2024 there were 23 Panel members. During the year four were appointed and two resigned.

**Number of Patients Conditionally  
Discharged in 2025/2024**

<b>Month of Conditional Discharge Order</b>	<b>No. of Patients 2025</b>	<b>No. of Patients 2024</b>
<b>January</b>	3	-
<b>March</b>	-	3
<b>May</b>	-	1
<b>June</b>	1	-
<b>July</b>	-	1
<b>September</b>	-	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6</b>

**Offences or Alleged Offence of patients whose  
detention was reviewed in 2025**

Type of Offence or Alleged offence	No. of patients charged with, or convicted of, offence	
<b>Murder</b> of which victim was family member of which victim was known to patient of which victim was stranger	<b>41</b>	24 11 6
<b>Attempted Murder / Manslaughter/Death caused by dangerous driving</b> of which victim was family member/known to patient of which victim was stranger	<b>8</b>	3 5
<b>Assault causing harm/serious bodily harm</b> of which victim was family member of which victim was known to patient of which victim was stranger	<b>32</b>	6 7 19
<b>Arson</b>	<b>5</b>	
<b>Other</b>	<b>13</b>	
<b>Total</b>	<b>99</b>	

**Note**

- 1) Patients convicted of, or charged with more than one offence / alleged offence, have been categorised according to the most serious offence / alleged offence.
  
- 2) In a minority of instances there was more than one victim of the offence with which a patient was charged, or convicted.
  
- 3) The category "**Other**" includes sexual assault, threat to kill, harassment, aggravated burglary armed with knife, possession of a knife with intent to cause harm, possession of knives and intimidation, possession of a firearm with intent to endanger life/cause injury; attempted abduction of a minor; and resisting gardai, breach of the peace and criminal damage.